

**INDUSTRY STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

SN/T 3317.1-2012

**Risk assessment specification of safety in textiles for import
and export. Part 1: Textile raw materials. Silk**
(English Translation)

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Foreword

SN/T 3317 "import and export of textiles quality and safety risk assessment standard" is divided into the following 10 sections.

- Part 1. silk textile raw materials;
- Part 2. Wool textile raw materials;
- Part 3. hemp textile raw materials;
- Part 4. cotton textile raw materials;
- Part 5. textile and chemical fiber raw materials;
- Part 6. textile raw materials yarn;
- Part 7. woven fabric;
- Part 8. textiles;
- Part 9. clothing;
- Part 10. Special textiles.

This section SN/T Section 13317 of.

This section drafted in accordance with GB/T 1.1-2009 given rules.

This section proposed and managed by the National Certification and Accreditation Administration Committee.

This section drafted by. People's Republic of China Zhejiang Exit Inspection and Quarantine, the Sichuan People's Republic of China Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine Bureau.

1 Scope

SN/T 3317 This section sets out the basic principles of the import and export of silk quality and safety risk assessment procedures, content and dynamically adjusts the Methods.

This section applies to the silk in normal trade, use and consumption process quality and safety risk assessment.

2 Normative references

The following documents for the application of this document is essential. For dated references, only the dated version suitable for use herein Member. For undated references, the latest edition (including any amendments) applies to this document.

SN/T 2755.3-2011 exports of industrial products enterprise management - Part 3. Product Risk Rating basic requirements

3 Terms and Definitions

The following terms and definitions apply to this document.

Silk silk

To cocoon or oak cocoon as raw materials, according to certain processes and quality requirements for the number of mechanical root cocoon cohesion stalemate, dyeing, twisting, or Made of spun silk. Including silk raw silk, silk dyeing, earth wire, double Palace silk, silk, silk twisting, tussah silk and so on.

Silk quality and safety safetyofsilk in the full life cycle of silk, silk appearance and reflect the inherent quality and technical characteristics of the physical, chemical, biological and other indicators in line with the relevant country Inside and outside the laws, regulations, technical standards, and the quality of the safety requirements stipulated in the contract status.

Hazard

Potentially root cause injury.

Note: The term "hazard" can harm nature by sources classified as "physical harm" according to the characteristics of silk, "chemical hazards", "biohazard" and "consumption Harm the rights and interests. "

4 Requirement, Risk Assessment

4.1

Risk assessment process, according to SN/T 2755.3-2011 prescribed in 4.1 to 4.2, from the qualitative characteristics of silk products, the quality of data, Sensitive factor and other

factors affect other aspects of the extensive collection of relevant information to ensure real information, scientific, reliable, and timely.

4.2

Sources of information include the relevant domestic and international technical regulations, standards, publications, research reports, inspection reports, government websites, TBT Advisory Network Station.