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**INDUSTRY STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

MZ/T 136-2019

**Technical specification for cosmetic operation of corpse
(English Translation)**

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Foreword

This standard was drafted in accordance with the rules given in GB/T 1.1-2009.

This standard was proposed by the Ministry of Civil Affairs of the People's Republic of China.

This standard is under the jurisdiction of the National Funeral Standardization Technical Committee (SAC/TC 354).

This standard was drafted. Funeral Home, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, and 101 Research Institute of the Ministry of Civil Affairs.

1 Scope

This standard specifies requirements for cosmetic rooms and cosmetic operators, occupational health protection measures for operators, the remains of cosmetic operations, Classification and use of cosmetic tools, normal corpse cosmetic procedures, special corpse cosmetic operations, and restoration standards.

This standard is applicable to the development and implementation of the remains of various funeral sites.

2 Normative references

The following documents are essential for the application of this document. For dated references, only the dated version applies to this document.

For undated references, the latest version (including all amendments) applies to this document.

GB 19053 Funeral Safety Factors GB/T 23287 Funeral terms JGJ 124 Funeral Home Architectural Design Code WS/T 367-2012 Medical Institution Disinfection Technical Specification

3 Terms and definitions

The terms and definitions defined in GB/T 23287, WS/T 367-2012 and the following apply to this document.

Cosmetic room

The funeral room is a special room for the shaping, restoration, makeup, hairdressing, bathing and dressing of the remains.

Corpse cosmetic

Utilizing modern medical technology, fine arts and sculpture techniques, and daily methods of makeup and hairstyle, the remains are reshaped, repaired, makeup, Hairdressing and bath changing.

Corpse cosmetic tools Instruments and tools used in the process of shaping, repairing, and applying the remains.

Corpse plastic waste Various solid wastes generated during the face cosmetic procedures.

Note: such as cotton on the hair, beards, wipes of noses, noses, etc. of the deceased, disposable corpses for cleaning the corpses, and applications contaminated with corpse fluids, blood, and impurities Materials and items.

Cosmetic for normal corpse Cosmetic and cosmetic operations on morphologically intact remains of physiological or pathological death.

Note: Including basic cosmetic techniques such as disinfection, cleaning, changing, beauty, hairdressing, and makeup.

Cosmetic for abnormal corpse Cosmetic operations on the remains and inside of the remains that are damaged and in an abnormal state.

Note: Including more complex cosmetic techniques such as the restoration, suture and remodeling of remains.

4.1.1 Cosmetic rooms and facilities

4.1.1.1

The location and construction of the cosmetic room shall comply with the provisions of JGJ 124.

4.1.1.2

The floor, wall and ceiling of the cosmetic room shall be smooth and free of gaps. The design and construction of doors and windows are simple, the materials are resistant to corrosion, and it is easy to scrub and disinfect.

4.1.1.3

A conditional cosmetic room should be equipped with a preparation room, and a small shower room, a dressing room and a locker should be provided in the room.

4.1.1.4

Unidirectional flow purification air conditioning systems should be installed in conditional cosmetic rooms.

4.1.1.5

The cosmetic room shall have sufficient space and cabinets to place equipment and items for cosmetic operations.

4.1.1.6

The cabinets should be reasonably placed according to the operation process, and cosmetic equipment and articles should be placed to avoid mutual interference and cross-contamination.

4.1.1.7

Non-manual hand washing and drying facilities shall be provided near the exit of the cosmetic room.

4.1.1.8

Special sewage disinfection and purification system should be installed in the sewage of the cosmetic room.

4.1.2 Sanitary requirements for cosmetic rooms

4.1.2.1

The plastic room should be ventilated, well-lit, and suitable at room temperature.

4.1.2.2

The cosmetic room shall be free of odors, and the floor and surface of articles shall be

clean and dry.

4.1.2.3

The total number of colonies in plastic room air shall meet the relevant requirements of GB 19053.

4.2 Cosmetic operators

4.2.1

Remains should be performed by a person who has mastered the techniques of cosmetic surgery.

4.2.2

Remains cosmetic personnel shall have the following knowledge and skills.

- Familiar with relevant basic knowledge such as disinfection and preventive medicine;
- Identification of the cause of death of the remains;
- Familiar with common knowledge and skills related to plastic surgery, repair, beauty and makeup;
- Able to negotiate with family members based on the condition of the remains, and formulate corresponding plans for the remains of the body;
- Able to perform technical operations related to the remains of the body according to the safety procedures of the remains of the body;
- Basic knowledge of basic human anatomy and physiology should be mastered.

4.3 Occupational safety protection measures

4.3.1

Remains cosmetic personnel shall regard each body as a potential source of infection, and shall perform relevant procedures in accordance with relevant standards Take precautionary measures.

4.3.2

Residual cosmetic workers should take occupational protection before operation. They should wear protective clothing (isolation clothing), masks, hats, gloves and shoe covers all wounds should be tightly wrapped as standard.

4.3.3

Cosmetic personnel should avoid direct contact with the blood, body fluids, secretions, etc. of the remains; used cosmetics, tools and workplaces it should be disinfected in time; avoid sharp injuries.