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**INDUSTRY STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

MZ/T 112-2018

**Administrative boundary -- Boundary settlement
(English Translation)**

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Foreword

This standard was drafted in accordance with the rules given in GB/T 1.1-2009.

This standard is proposed and managed by the Division of Geographical Names Division of the Ministry of Civil Affairs.

This standard was drafted. Division of Geographical Names of the Ministry of Civil Affairs, Institute of Geographical Names of the Ministry of Civil Affairs.

1 Scope

This standard specifies the terms and definitions of administrative area boundary survey work, preparation work, implementation of survey boundaries, inspection and acceptance, and drafting of administrative areas.

Territory boundary agreement, report content and requirements.

This standard applies to the administrative area boundary survey work.

2 Normative references

The following documents are essential for the application of this document. For dated references, only the dated version applies to this document.

For undated references, the latest version (including all amendments) applies to this document.

GB/T 17796-2009 Code for administrative area boundary mapping GB/T 18316 digital surveying and mapping product inspection and acceptance regulations and quality assessment MZ/T 069-2016 Provincial-level Joint Inspection MZ/T 070-2016 Administrative boundaries and provincial boundaries

3 Terms and definitions

The following terms and definitions apply to this document.

Administrative boundary the relevant people's governments adjacent to the administrative regions approved by the people's governments of the State Council or provinces, autonomous regions, and municipalities directly under the Central Government exercise jurisdiction over the administrative regions Right dividing line.

[MZ/T 069-2016, definition 3.1] 3.2 Boundary settlement Relevant people's governments at all levels shall conduct field surveys and survey topography between adjacent administrative areas, and determine the starting and ending points and positions of the boundaries of administrative areas.

Work towards the formation of relevant documents, information and maps.

Boundary pillar

The markers embedded by the people's governments of the administrative regions adjacent to each other to indicate the location of the administrative boundary are the administrative regional boundaries.

Permanent sign of the line.

[MZ/T 069-2016, definition 3.4] 3.4 Point of boundary pillar Used to set the land fixed point of the boundary pile.

Note: The boundary stakes are located above or on both sides of the administrative area boundary.

Protocol of administrative boundary Legal documents to determine the direction of borders (3.1) of adjacent administrative areas and border relations.

Map attached to protocol of administrative boundary Attached to the administrative area boundary agreement is a drawing showing the direction and specific location of the administrative area boundary.

Note 1: Rewrite GB/T 17796-2009, definition 3.4.

Note 2: The boundary line information and the topographic map of the boundary line after the repair are made together, and have the same legal function as the administrative area boundary line agreement.

4.1.1 Composition

The border investigation party, the technical director, and the work implementer are jointly sent by the two sides adjacent to the boundary.

4.1.2 Training

Training of staff involved in boundary surveys in policies, regulations, working procedures, technical methods and quality standards.

4.2.1 Collecting Information

The information collected should include the following.

- a) Relevant documents, agreements and maps delineated or approved by the people's governments at all levels;
- b) Land use, forestry, water conservancy, agriculture, animal husbandry and other resources utilization status information and related warrants adjacent to the administrative area;
- c) Relevant information of people's governments at all levels or relevant departments on handling resource ownership issues in border areas;
- d) The latest version of the national basic scale topographic map and administrative division map;
- e) other relevant documents, maps and information.

4.2.2 Visit investigation

Learn from the grassroots people's governments, management agencies and related personnel of the two sides.

- a) the jurisdiction of the parties in the border area;
- b) whether there has been a border dispute between the two parties, and the location and length of the border involved;
- c) The population distribution, ethnic situation, regime formation, household registration management and natural resource development and utilization of the two sides in the border dispute area.

4.2.3 Field survey

On-the-spot survey of terrain, investigation of the location of the administrative area boundary as specified in the document, verification of the actual jurisdictional status and disputes in the border area. The information obtained from field surveys should be

marked on the topographic map.

4.2.4 Induction

The survey staff should summarize the following contents based on the information obtained after collecting data, visiting surveys, and field surveys.

- a) the historical evolution of the administrative jurisdiction of both parties in the border area;
- b) the administrative boundaries defined by legal documents;
- c) there is no legal document stipulating that the boundary of jurisdiction has been divided according to the traditional customary line for a long time;
- d) Boundary disputes and dispute resolution plans.

4.3.1 Scheme Content

The boundary survey work plan is jointly formulated by the staff of the two sides, and the content is based on the outline of the border area, the organizational form, the principles of the survey, the implementation steps ?? ?? . Step composition.

4.3.2 Overview of border areas

The existing borders adjacent to the administrative area include the following.

- a) the lot where the boundary agreement is signed and the validity of the boundary agreement;
- b) the area governed by the traditional custom line, and the compliance of both parties;
- c) In the area where the boundary is disputed, the current jurisdiction of both parties.

4.3.3 Organization Form

The organizational form, staffing, and job responsibilities of each line.

4.3.4 Survey principles

The principles and clauses to be observed when determining the boundaries of administrative areas shall be in accordance with the provisions in relevant national documents and the actual conditions of the border areas.

4.3.5 Implementation steps

Preparing for the survey, implementation of the survey, inspection and acceptance, drafting of administrative area boundary agreements, work procedures for reporting and approval, time schedule, Technical requirements and division of tasks.