

ICS 65.020.40
CCS B 64

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**INDUSTRY STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

LY/T 2275-2014

Replacing LY/T 2275-2014

Forest certification in China - Bamboo stand management

中国森林认证竹林经营

(English Translation)

Issued on: December 29, 2020

Implemented on: June 1, 2021

Issued by: State Forestry and Grassland Administration

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Foreword

This document is in accordance with GB/T 1.1-2020 "Guidelines for Standardization Part 1: Structure and Drafting Rules of Standardization Documents" Drafting.

This document replaces LY/T 2275-2014 "China Forest Certification Bamboo Forest Management". Compared with LY/T 2275-2014, except for structural adjustments in addition to editorial changes, the main technical changes are as follows.

- Modified the terms and definitions of "bamboo forest" and "bamboo forest management certification" (see Chapter 3);
- Added the terms and definitions of "bamboo forest management unit" and "bamboo forest associated tree species" (see Chapter 3);
- Deleted "national laws and regulations and international conventions" (see 4.1 in the 2014 edition);
- Added "Legal Obligations" (see 4.1);
- Deleted "Forest Ownership" (see 4.2 in the 2014 edition);
- Added "Bamboo Forest Ownership" (see 4.2);
- Deleted the "forest management plan" (see 4.4 in the 2014 edition);
- Added "Bamboo Forest Management Plan" (see 4.4);
- Modified "Bamboo Forest Resources Cultivation and Utilization" (see 4.5, 4.5 of the 2014 edition);

- Deleted "Biodiversity Protection" (4.6 in the 2014 edition);
- Modified "Bamboo Forest Protection" (see 4.6, 4.8 of the 2014 edition);
- Modified "Environmental Impact" (see 4.7, 4.7 of the 2014 edition);
- Modified "Monitoring and File Management" (see 4.8, 4.9 in the 2014 edition).

This document was proposed and managed by the National Standardization Technical Committee for Sustainable Forest Management and Forest Certification (SAC/TC360).

Drafting organizations of this document. Hunan Academy of Forestry, Science and Technology Development Center of State Forestry and Grassland Administration, Chinese Academy of Forestry Institute of Science and Technology Information, International Center for Bamboo and Rattan, Nanjing Forestry University.

1 Scope

This document specifies the index system and requirements that should be followed for bamboo forest management certification.

This document is applicable to qualified certification bodies to conduct bamboo forest management activities of bamboo forest management units that mainly produce bamboo materials and bamboo shoots.

Audit and evaluation.

2 Normative references

The contents of the following documents constitute the indispensable clauses of this document through normative references in the text. Among them, dated reference documents, Only the version corresponding to that date is applicable to this document; for undated references, the latest version (including all amendments) is applicable to this document file.

GB/T 20391 High-yield technology of *Phyllostachys pubescens* GB/T 28951 China Forest Certification Forest Management GB/T 32770-2016 Bamboo Terminology GB/T 35242-2017 Quality Classification of Main Commodity Bamboo Seedlings

3 Terms and definitions

GB/T 20391, GB/T 28951, GB/T 32770-2016, GB/T 35242-2017 and the following terms and definitions apply in this document.

Bamboo stand

Stands with bamboo as the main species.

[Source. GB/T 32770-2016, 2.12] 3.2 Bamboo stand management certification Through the certification body, the bamboo forest management unit's bamboo forest management activities are audited and evaluated to prove that the unit's bamboo forest has achieved sustainable economic development.

camp.

Bamboo stand management unit Possess a certain area of bamboo forest area with clear boundaries, and can carry out bamboo forest management and legal the main body of bamboo forest management.

Companion tree species in bamboo stand in order to prevent and reduce the impact of natural disasters such as wind, rain, snow and freezing on bamboo forests, increase the composition of bamboo forest tree species and enhance the resistance of bamboo forests.

Tree species reserved and cultivated in the medium.

4.1.1 Laws and regulations and international conventions

4.1.1.1

The bamboo forest management unit shall abide by the current relevant national laws and regulations (see Appendix A), international conventions (see Appendix B) and prepare There are related texts.

4.1.1.2

The bamboo forest management unit that has violated the law has taken measures in accordance with the law to rectify it in time, and this has been recorded.

4.1.2 Forest land protection

4.1.2.2

It is strictly forbidden to illegally change the use of forest land.

4.2.1 Ownership documents

4.2.1.1

The ownership and use rights of the forest land of the bamboo forest management unit and the forests and trees on the forest land shall be issued by the real estate registration agency Certificate or other legal proof, such as contract or lease contract, etc.

4.2.1.2

The scope of bamboo forest management should have clear boundaries and be marked on the map.

4.2.2 Ownership disputes

4.2.2.1

When handling disputes concerning the ownership of bamboo forests, bamboo forest management units shall comply with relevant laws such as the "Measures for the Settlement of Disputes over Forest Land Ownership" the requirements of laws and regulations.

4.2.2.2

The existing ownership disputes and conflicts have not caused serious negative impacts on the management of bamboo forests. Ownership disputes or interest disputes on bamboo forest management Bamboo forest management units that have a significant impact cannot pass forest certification.

4.3 The rights of local communities and workers According to the relevant regulations of GB/T 28951.

4.4.1 Scheme preparation

4.4.1.1

In accordance with the long-term forestry planning, local conditions and technical requirements formulated by the higher-level forestry authority, timely, effective, Scientific preparation.

4.4.1.2

During the compilation process, the opinions of management departments, business units, local communities and interested parties shall be widely solicited, and the results shall be publicized and filed.

4.4.1.3

Based on full and accurate forest resource information, including but not limited to timely updated forest resource files, recent forest resources Information such as forest resources second-class survey results and professional technical files.

4.4.1.4

The plan and its accompanying documents should include the following.

--Basic information, including forest resources, environmental constraints, land use and ownership status, socio-economic conditions, and social development and the dominant demand, the history of bamboo forest management, and the general situation of the neighboring land;

--The status quo and management evaluation of bamboo forest resources;