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**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

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Terminology and codes for forest pest management

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Foreword

This document complies with the provisions of GB/T 1.1-2020 "Standardization Work Guidelines Part

1. Structure and Drafting Rules of Standardization Documents". Drafting. Please note that some content in this document may involve patents. The issuing organization of this document assumes no responsibility for identifying patents. This document was proposed by the National Forestry and Grassland Administration. This document is under the jurisdiction of the National Technical Committee on Standardization of Forest Pest Control (SAC/TC522). This document was drafted by: the National Forestry and Grassland Administration's Center for Biological Disaster Prevention and Control, Liaoning Ecological Engineering Vocational College, and the Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region. Forest Pest Control and Quarantine Station, Qingzhou Forestry Development Center. The main drafters of this document are: Qiu Lixin, Li Juan, Lu Xiuliang, Zhou Yantao, Sun Dacheng, Lin Xiao, Wen Xuanye, Su Hongjun, Cheng Xiangcheng, and Guan Xing. Zhang Sensen, Yao Hanwen, Fan Shiqi, Shi Yong, Ning Sufang, Dong Yingqian, Li Miao, Zhang Yuzhou, Zhao Ruixing, Wang Yuling, Chang Guobin, Qu Tao, Guan Jidong. Forestry Pest Control Terminology and Codes

1 Scope

GB/T 48007-2026 is the Chinese national standard covering the terminology and the code list of forest pest management - the insects, pathogens, invasive plants and rodents that damage China's forests, each with its name, its code and its definition, alongside the vocabulary of survey, quarantine and control. At 290,500 words this is by a very wide margin the largest standard in the whole 2026 batch: it is a coded catalogue of every organism the forest service tracks, and it exists so that a report from one province can be read by a system in another. First edition, in force since 1 September 2026, under the National Forestry and Grassland Administration. It was issued on 27 February 2026 and has been in force since 1 September 2026, as a first edition. This page is published from the official record of the 2026 edition; the clause text of a standard this recent is not yet in

circulation, and the figures, limits and tables it contains are those of the document itself, delivered in full with the English translation.

This document defines the terminology and definitions for forest pest control, describes the coding method for forest pests, and provides a list of forest pests. Code. This document applies to production, teaching, research and other fields related to the control of forest pests.

2 Normative references

This document has no normative references.

3 Terms and Definitions

The following terms and definitions apply to this document.

3.1 Comprehensive Category

3.1.1 Forest pests Animals, plants, and pathogenic microorganisms that pose a threat or harm to forestry plants and their products, forest ecosystems, etc.

Note. This includes both native and invasive forest pests. Native forest pests refer to those originating in my country that harm forestry plants and their products, as well as forests. Animals, plants, and pathogenic microorganisms that pose a threat or harm to ecosystems. Invasive forest pests refer to those originating from abroad that have been introduced into my country and established there. Animals, plants, and pathogenic microorganisms that pose a threat or harm to forestry plants and their products, forest ecosystems, etc.

3.1.2 Major forest pests Forest pests are highly harmful to forestry plants and their products, and can easily cause significant economic, ecological and social losses.

Note. This includes quarantine pests, hazardous pests, outbreak pests, and newly introduced or discovered forest pests that, after risk assessment, may cause harm.

3.1.3 Forest pest disaster Harmful organisms are those that damage the economic, ecological, and social functions of forestry plants and their products.

3.1.4 A forestry pest disaster that occurs suddenly, causes or may cause serious harm, and requires emergency response measures.

3.1.5 occurrence Under natural conditions, the population size of forest pests or the degree of damage to host plants reaches the statistical threshold (mild).

3.1.6 Occurrence degree The occurrence, development, and harm of forest pests in forests.

Note. Generally, it is divided into three levels. mild, moderate and severe.