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**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

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**Guidelines for monitoring of international trade and transport
facilitation**

国际贸易和运输便利化监测指南

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Foreword

This document complies with the provisions of GB/T 1:1-2020 "Standardization Work Guidelines Part 1: Structure and Drafting Rules of Standardization Documents" Drafting: degree is not equivalent:

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Introduction

In order to enhance global trade competitiveness and promote high-quality development of trade, China continues to promote trade facilitation, but in terms of trade facilitation measures There is still a lack of effective monitoring and improvement mechanisms in terms of implementation effects and continuous improvement:

The United Nations Center for Trade Facilitation and Electronic Business (UN/CEFACT) and other organizations are based on the Trade Agreement formulated by the World Trade Organization (WTO):

Agreement on Trade and Transport Facilitation, which provides suggestions on the content and methods of trade and transport facilitation monitoring, and is used to coordinate and guide relevant regulatory agencies and regulators in various countries:

Trade and transportation related parties such as trade facilitation management departments, associations and enterprises monitor and evaluate the current status of trade and transportation facilitation work:

assessment, promote the formulation of optimization measures, continue to improve the level of trade and transportation facilitation, and create a fair and efficient international trade environment:

Monitoring international trade and transportation facilitation is of great significance for effectively implementing the WTO "Trade Facilitation Agreement" and optimizing the international trade business environment:

important role: This document refers to UN/CEFACT Recommendation No: 42, and has been optimized and adjusted based on China's actual conditions to provide various Provide scientific basis for facilitation work in the field of international trade and transportation, and guide theoretical research and practical work in this field:

International Trade and Transport Facilitation Monitoring Guide

1 Scope

This document provides guidance and guidance on the basic principles, scope, content, process and supervision feedback of international trade and transport facilitation monitoring: suggestion:

This document applies to the planning, design and implementation of international trade and transport facilitation monitoring:

2 Normative reference documents

GB/T 39458-2020

3 Terms and definitions

The terms and definitions defined in GB/T 39458-2020 and the following apply to this document: 3:1 Organizations and individuals who have interests or interests in the business process of international trade purchase, transportation and payment:

Examples: Such as customs and other trade facilitation management departments, financial institutions, associations and enterprises, etc: 3:2 An organization established by relevant international trade parties or other institutions as needed to monitor international trade and transportation facilitation: 3:3 Commoditiesbulkstock It can enter the circulation field, but is not a retail link: It has commodity attributes and is used for industrial and agricultural production and consumption in large quantities: [Source: GB/T 18769-2003,2:1] 3:4 perishable goods perishablegoods Affected by temperature and humidity in natural temperature environments, animal death or deterioration, plant rot, and Goods with abnormal quality problems such as mildew:

Examples: such as fresh fish, flowers, fruits, vegetables, fungi, quick-frozen pasta, eggs and dairy products, etc:

4 Basic principles

4:1 Scientificity The monitoring content is set up reasonably, the content is clear, concise and clear: