

ICS 65.020.01

CCS B 16



**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB/T 28060-2011

**Guidelines for the phytosanitary regulation of wood packaging
material**

进出境货物木质包装材料检疫管理准则

Issued on: December 30, 2011

Implemented on: June 1, 2012

**Issued by: General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and
Quarantine;
Standardization Administration of the PRC**

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Foreword

This standard was drafted in accordance with GB/T 1.1-2009 given rules. This standard by the National Standardization Technical Committee of Plant Quarantine (SAC/TC271) and focal points. This standard was drafted. Tianjin People's Republic of China Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine Bureau, Chinese Academy of Inspection and Quarantine, the People's Republic of China Exit Inspection and Quarantine and the State of Yunnan. The main drafters of this standard. Huang Qinglin, Du Yu, floor sun, Liu Yongsheng, Wei Yadong, Liu Bo, Zhan Guoping, GLACIOLOGY, Cheng Yu. Inbound and outbound cargo quarantine of wood packaging materials management guidelines

1 Scope

China's national guidelines for the phytosanitary regulation of the wood packaging material used on inbound and outbound cargo. It specifies the quarantine treatment of wood packaging material, the methods and requirements for marking, and the quarantine supervision and management arrangements, and it applies to the regulation of wood packaging on goods entering and leaving the country. Wood packaging is the pathway by which forest pests move between continents. A pallet, a crate or a piece of dunnage is made from low-grade timber, frequently unseasoned and often carrying bark, and it accompanies a consignment whose own phytosanitary risk may be nil - a shipment of machinery is inspected as machinery, and the pallet under it is not the cargo. Yet the pallet is raw wood from a forest somewhere, and the beetles and nematodes living in it travel with it. The Asian longhorned beetle, the emerald ash borer and the pine wood nematode all crossed oceans this way, and the damage each has done in its new range is measured in tens of millions of trees. The international response, which this standard implements domestically, is not inspection but treatment and marking. Every piece of wood packaging is heat treated or fumigated to a specified schedule, and it then carries a mark identifying the treatment and the facility that applied it. The mark, not a certificate, travels with the packaging, so a pallet can be checked at any point in its life by looking at it. The standard therefore sets out the treatments, the marking and - the part that makes the system work - the approval and supervision of the facilities entitled to apply the mark. Issued on 30 December 2011 and in force since 1 June 2012.

This standard specifies the entry and exit quarantine treatment of wood packaging materials, methods and requirements for quarantine supervision and management of identity. This standard applies to manage the entry and exit quarantine of wood packaging material.

2 Normative references

The following documents for the application of this document are essential. For dated references, only the dated version suitable for use herein is applicable. For undated references, the latest edition (including any amendments) applies to this document. SN/T 2371 wood packaging heat treatment procedures

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Terms and Definitions The following terms and definitions apply to this document.

3.1.1 Wood packaging material Wood materials for carrying, packaging, bedding, support, and reinforce the goods, such as wooden crates, wooden pallets, wooden frame, barrel, wood shaft, Wedge, Stow, sleepers, lining wood and so on.

3.1.2 Stow dunnage For fixing or supporting the cargo, but has nothing to do with the cargo of wood packaging material.

3.1.3 Peeled and debarking The bark on the log removed, represented by DB.

3.1.4 Fumigation fumigation Used wholly or primarily in a gaseous chemicals to process goods for processing.

3.1.5 Heat treatment Wood packaging material is heated until it reaches a minimum during the short time until the processing temperature of the material.

3.1.6 Chemical pressure saturated chemical preservative treated by pressurizing process.

3.1.7 Library drying kiln-drying To achieve the required humidity in a closed environment by heating and (or) for humidity control wood drying treatment process. * * *