

ICS 35.240.60

CCS A 10



**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB/T 26839-2025

Replacing GB/T 26839-2011

Electronic commerce - Warehouse receipt trading mode

电子商务 仓单交易模式

Issued on: August 29, 2025

Implemented on: December 1, 2025

**Issued by: State Administration for Market Regulation;
Standardization Administration of the PRC**

Table of Contents

Preface	III
1 Scope	1
2 Normative References	1
3 Terms and Definitions	1
4 General Requirements	2
4.1 Transaction Framework.....	2
4.2 Transaction Participants.....	2
4.3 Information Management and Maintenance of Warehouse Receipt Trading Platform...	3
5 Requirements for warehouse receipt trading 4.	4
5.1 Trader Registration.....	4
5.2 Warehouse Receipt Registration	6
5.3 Signing	8
5.4 Funds Settlement	10
5.5 Transfer of Ownership.....	12
5.6 Goods delivery	14
6 Transaction Risk Management.....	16
6.1 Risk Factor Identification	16
6.2 Risk Classification	16
6.3 Risk Analysis	16
6.4 Risk Control	17
7 Traceability and Inspection.....	17
7.1 Information Records	17
7.2 Tracing back to.....	17
7.3 Transaction Inspection.....	18
7.4 Problem Handling	18
Appendix A (Informative) Example 19 of Warehouse Receipt Transaction Instructions	
A.1 Transaction Rules.....	19
A.2 Trading Calendar	19
A.3 Delivery Warehouse	20
A.4 Warehouse Receipt Varieties.....	20
A.5 Product Description	20
A.6 Quality Standard	20

A.7 Price difference in quality grade of substitutes	21
A.8 Delivery Brand	21
A.9 Regional price difference	21
A.10 Packaging, Marking, Storage and Transportation	22
Reference	23

Foreword

This document complies with the provisions of GB/T 1.1-2020 "Standardization Work Guidelines Part 1: Structure and Drafting Rules of Standardization Documents". Drafting.

This document replaces GB/T 26839-2011 "Specification for E-commerce Warehouse Receipt Transaction Mode". Compared with GB/T 26839-2011, except for...

Aside from structural adjustments and editorial changes, the main technical changes are as follows.

- a) The definition of the term "warehouse receipt" has been changed (see 3.1, 2011 edition);
- b) The definition of the term "warehouse receipt trading" has been changed (see 3.2, 2011 edition 3.2);
- c) The terms "warehouse receipt trading platform" and "settlement bank" have been added (see 3.3 and 3.6);
- d) Change the term "electronic trading contract" to "warehouse receipt electronic trading contract" (see 3.4, 3.3 of the 2011 edition);
- e) The definition of the term "trader" has been changed (see 3.5, 3.4 in the 2011 edition);
- f) The content of "Trading Participants," "Framework," "Definition of Warehouse Receipt Types," and "Information Dissemination" has been revised and integrated into "General Requirements." (See Chapter 4, and Chapters 4, 5.1, 7, and 11 of the 2011 edition);
- g) Change "Trader Entry" and "Online Warehouse Receipt Trading" to "Trader Registration" and "Contract Signing," and integrate them with "Funds Settlement" and "Goods." The content regarding "delivery" has been moved to Chapter 5, "Requirements for Warehouse Receipt Transactions" (see sections 5.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.6, and Chapters 6 and 8 of the 2011 edition). Chapters 9 and 10);
- h) Added content on "Warehouse Receipt Registration" and "Transfer of Ownership" (see 5.2, 5.5);
- i) The materials required for dealer registration have been changed (see 5.1.2.1, 6.1 in the 2011 version);

j) Increased requirements for transaction risk management (see Chapter 6);

k) Added traceability and inspection requirements (see Chapter 7).

Please note that some content in this document may involve patents. The issuing organization of this document assumes no responsibility for identifying patents.

This document was proposed and is under the jurisdiction of the National Electronic Business Standardization Technical Committee (SAC/TC83).

This document was drafted by: Zhejiang Huayang Racing Car Co., Ltd., Jiangxi Jinhu Insurance Equipment Group Co., Ltd., and Fujian University of Science and Technology.

Hangzhou Customs Silk Inspection Center, Wuchan Zhongda Logistics Investment Group Co., Ltd., China National Institute of Standardization, Zhejiang Provincial Institute of Quality Science Inspur Smart Supply Chain Technology (Shandong) Co., Ltd., Henan University of Urban Construction, Shandong Qidingdong Electronic Technology Group Co., Ltd., Ningbo Haishangxian Information Technology Co., Ltd., Zhengzhou Zhengda Information Technology Co., Ltd., China National Light Industry Information Center, Shanghai Liuliucang Information Technology Group Limited Liability Company, China Jiliang University, Beijing Zhongke Standard Technology Group Co., Ltd., and China United Nations Procurement Promotion Association.

The main drafters of this document are: Dai Peng, Xiong Bolin, Shen Li, Chen Guilian, Jiao Lijian, Liu Ying, Chen Si, Wang Zhimin, Ye Ning, Zhou Yuan, and Sun Shiguo.

Wang Wujun, Xiong Anchuan, Tian Huibin, Wang Hui, Yang Yunyun, Jiang Huaqin, Chen Jun, Ren Yu, Wan Linwei, Sun Qianhui, Li Chengzhou, Zhu Weiru, Zhao Yang Meng Huimin, Wang Xunan, Zeng Xiaofan.

The release history of this document and the document it replaces is as follows.

- First published in 2011 as GB/T 26839-2011;
- This is the first revision.

1 Scope

This document specifies the general requirements for e-commerce warehouse receipt transactions, the specific requirements for warehouse receipt transactions, and the management, traceability, and inspection of transaction risks. Require.

This document applies to e-commerce warehouse receipt trading activities.

2 Normative references

GB/T 18769-2003

3 Terms and Definitions

The following terms and definitions apply to this document.

3.1 warehouse receipt

Based on a storage contract signed with the depositor, the warehouse keeper, in accordance with industry practice, generally conducts surface inspection and visual examination.

In principle, a certificate of title is issued after the depositor has inspected and accepted the stored goods.

Note. Warehouse receipts are divided into paper warehouse receipts and electronic documents of paper warehouse receipts with electronic signatures.

[Source. GB/T 18354-2021, 4.36, with modifications]

3.2

This is a model that uses warehouse receipts (3.1) formed from bulk commodities as the underlying asset for online trading, based on traditional spot trading.

3.3 [Source. GB/T 18769-2003, 2.4, with modifications]

It is operated and managed by a legally registered entity, providing online warehouse receipt trading (3.2) for traders (3.5), and can provide supporting warehouse...

Network infrastructure for storage services.

3.4 An online text that constitutes a fully legally binding agreement

The agreement signed through the warehouse receipt trading platform (3.3) defines the rights and obligations of the buyer and seller regarding the subject matter of the warehouse receipt transaction (3.2).

3.5 dealer

Registered with the market supervision and administration department, the warehouse receipt trading platform (3.3) operates in accordance with relevant laws and regulations and the platform's articles of association.

Corporate entities that are subject to review and approval in accordance with relevant regulations and act as buyers or sellers in bulk commodity warehouse receipt transactions (3.2) on the warehouse receipt trading platform (3.3).