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**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB/T 23618-2026

Replacing GB/T 23618-2009

**Procedure for the reporting, publication and delisting of
quarantine pest outbreaks**

检疫性有害生物疫情报告、公布和解除程序

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Foreword

This document complies with the provisions of GB/T 1.1-2020 "Standardization Work Guidelines Part

1. Structure and Drafting Rules of Standardization Documents". Drafting. This document supersedes GB/T 23618-2009 "Procedures for Reporting, Publication and Delisting of Quarantine Pests", and is consistent with GB/T 23618- Compared to.2009, aside from structural adjustments and editorial changes, the main technical changes are as follows:

- a) The scope has been changed (see Chapter 1, Chapter 1 of the.2009 edition);
- b) The terms and definitions of pest risk analysis, plants, plant products, and dispersal have been removed (see 2.4 in the.2009 edition). 2.5, 2.7);
- c) The terms and definitions for quarantine pests, outbreaks, surveillance surveys, and eradication have been changed (see 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.5,.2009 edition). (2.1, 2.2, 2.6, 2.8)
- d) The term "potential quarantine pest" has been added (see 3.3);
- e) The chapter on "Procedures for the Identification of Quarantine Pests" has been deleted (see Chapter 3 of the.2009 edition);

f) The disease confirmation and reporting process has been revised, now divided into agricultural plant disease confirmation and reporting, and forestry and grassland quarantine pest disease confirmation. The report added new circumstances for epidemic reporting, modified the epidemic confirmation and reporting procedures, and removed the requirement for imported plant seedlings to be included in the report. Confirmation and reporting of quarantine pest outbreaks during isolated or dispersed cultivation, and during transport quarantine (see section 4) Chapter 4 (2009 edition);

g) The epidemic reporting system has been modified, now divided into agricultural plant epidemic reporting and forestry and grassland quarantine pest reporting. The authority to publish information; in the publication of information on quarantine pest outbreaks in forestry and grassland, the phrase "hosts of quarantine pests" has been removed (see...). Chapter 5 (Chapter 5 of the.2009 edition);

h) The lifting of the epidemic has been changed, divided into lifting conditions and lifting procedures. The lifting conditions have been changed (see Chapter 6, Chapter 6 of the.2009 edition). Please note that some content in this document may involve patents. The issuing organization of this document assumes no responsibility for identifying patents. This document was proposed and is under the jurisdiction of the National Technical Committee on Standardization of Plant Quarantine (SAC/TC271). This document was drafted by: the National Forestry and Grassland Administration's Center for Biological Disaster Prevention and Control, the National Agricultural Technology Extension Service Center, and the National Forestry and Grassland Administration. National Forestry and Grassland Administration, Baoshan Customs of the People's Republic of China, Aihui District Forestry and Grassland Bureau of Heihe City, Bamboo Research and Development Center of the National Forestry and Grassland Administration Shucheng County Wanfoshan Scenic Area Management Office, Yunnan Provincial Forestry and Grassland Pest Control and Quarantine Bureau, and Anhui Forestry Vocational and Technical College. The main drafters of this document are. Dong Yingqian, Bao Yuzhi, Wang Xiaoliang, Li Juan, Wang Jinli, Li Yanli, Ma Chen, Yan He, Wang Yue, Qiu Shuang, and Chen Ranran. Zhu Ningbo, Pan Jialiang, Cheng Xiangcheng, Yao Hanwen, Ze Sangzi, Zhou Guoliang, Zhang Yanjun, Li Changqiang, Qin Yihang, Yue Fangzheng, Zhou Yantao, Huang Daguo Jiang Fan. The release history of this document and the document it replaces is as follows:

---First published in.2009 as GB/T 23618-2009;

---This is the first revision. Quarantine pest outbreak reporting, publication and Release procedure

1 Scope

GB/T 23618-2026 is the Chinese national standard covering what happens when a quarantine pest is found - who reports it and how fast, the confirmation, the public notice, the delimiting survey, and the evidence required years later to declare the area free again. It

replaces GB/T 23618-2009 and has been in force since 1 October 2026. It was issued on 31 March 2026 and takes effect on 1 October 2026, replacing GB/T 23618-2009. The document is under the responsibility of the Standardization Administration of China. This page is published from the official record of the 2026 edition; the clause text of a standard this recent is not yet in circulation, and the figures, limits and tables it contains are those of the document itself, delivered in full with the English translation.

This document specifies the procedures and content for reporting, publicizing, and delisting quarantine pests. This document applies to the reporting, publication, and lifting of quarantine pests in agriculture, forestry, and grassland.

4.1.1 Confirmation of agricultural plant diseases

4.1.1.1 Newly introduced or newly discovered potential agricultural plant quarantine pests from abroad shall be reported by provincial-level or higher plant quarantine agencies. Confirmed based on monitoring, investigation, and testing results of harmful organisms.

4.1.1.2 Newly discovered or outbreak-prevailing agricultural plant quarantine pests within county-level or higher administrative regions nationwide, which have been confirmed to have been eradicated. The recurrence of quarantine pests in agricultural plants nationwide has prompted local plant quarantine agencies at the county level or above to organize monitoring and investigation of the pests. Confirmed by the test and identification results.

4.1.2 Reporting of agricultural plant diseases

4.1.2.1 Classification of Reporting Situations Situations requiring reporting of agricultural plant diseases include.

- Discovering newly introduced or newly discovered potential quarantine pests of agricultural plants from abroad;
- New discoveries or outbreaks of quarantine pests in agriculture nationwide;
- A nationally confirmed quarantine pest of agricultural plants has re-emerged;
- Newly discovered, outbreak, or recurrence of agricultural plant quarantine pests in each province (autonomous region, municipality).

4.1.2.2 Reporting Procedure 4.1.2.2.1 Newly introduced or newly discovered potential agricultural plant quarantine pests from abroad and national agricultural plant quarantine pests. Agricultural plant disease outbreaks caused by this incident shall be reported by agricultural plant quarantine agencies at the county level or above to the provincial plant quarantine agency, which shall then verify the information. Subsequently, a report was submitted to the plant quarantine agency under the State Council's agricultural and rural affairs administrative department, and the plant quarantine agency under the State Council's agricultural and rural affairs administrative department. The quarantine agency

shall report to the agricultural and rural affairs administrative department of the State Council. 4.1.2.2.2 Agricultural plant epidemics caused by quarantine pests in each province (autonomous region, municipality) shall be reported by the agricultural authorities at the county level or above. The plant quarantine agency reports to the provincial plant quarantine agency, which, after verification, reports to the relevant department of the State Council's agricultural and rural affairs administration. Report to the plant quarantine agency of the genus. 4.1.2.2.3 When reporting agricultural plant disease outbreaks, local plant quarantine agencies at the county level or above shall also report to the agricultural and rural affairs administrative departments at the same level.

4.1.2.3 Report Content 4.1.2.3.1 The reporting content for newly introduced or newly discovered potential agricultural plant quarantine pest outbreaks from abroad should include information on the pests. The name of the organism, its host, time and location of discovery, distribution, hazards, possible transmission routes, and emergency response measures. 4.1.2.3.2 The reporting content for other agricultural plant diseases should include the name of the pest, the county-level administrative region affected by the outbreak, the affected area, and the degree of threat. The extent of the damage and the measures taken to deal with the epidemic.

4.2.1 Confirmation of Quarantine Pests in Forestry and Grassland

4.2.1.1 If any national forestry and grassland quarantine pests are newly discovered or re-occurring within a provincial-level administrative region after eradication, the provincial-level authorities shall take action. The above-mentioned forestry and grassland plant quarantine agencies confirm the epidemic based on the monitoring, investigation, and testing results of harmful organisms.

4.2.1.2 For any new discovery or recurrence of national forestry and grassland quarantine pests within a county-level administrative region, the provincial-level authorities shall take action. Forestry and grassland plant quarantine agencies confirm outbreaks based on the results of monitoring, investigation, and testing of harmful organisms.

4.2.1.3 For forestry and grassland quarantine pests newly discovered or eradicated within the county-level administrative region, supplemented by each province (autonomous region, municipality) If the pest recurs after treatment, it shall be confirmed by the forestry and grassland plant quarantine agency at the county level or above, based on the monitoring, investigation, and testing results of the harmful organisms. epidemic.

4.2.2 Reporting of Quarantine Pests in Forestry and Grassland

4.2.2.1 Classification of Reporting Situations Situations requiring reporting of forestry and grassland quarantine pest outbreaks include.

---National forestry and grassland quarantine pests that are newly discovered or have been