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**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB/T 22330.7-2008

**Specified animal disease free zone - Part 7: Rinderpest free
zone**

无规定动物疫病区标准 第7部分：无牛瘟区

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Foreword

GB/T 22330 "specified animal disease free zone standard" is currently divided into 14 parts.

- Part 1. General;
- Part 2. FMD-free zone;
- Part 3. No swine vesicular Ward;
- Part 4. No Classical swine fever (hog cholera) region;
- Part 5. African swine fever-free zone;
- Part 6. African horse sickness-free zone;
- Part 7. rinderpest zone;
- Part 8. No CBPP area;
- Part 9. BSE-free zone;
- Part 10. No bluetongue zone;
- Part 11. Non PPR infected areas;
- Part 12. No Sheep and goat pox (Orf) area;
- Part 13. No HPAI area;

1 Scope

GB/T 22330.7-2008 is the Chinese national standard on specified animal disease free zone - part 7: rinderpest free zone, in the field of health care technology. The /T suffix marks it as a recommended standard: it is not compulsory by itself, but it becomes binding as soon as

a contract, a tender or a customer specification calls it up - which in practice is how most foreign buyers meet it. It was issued on 22 August 2008 by the General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China; Standardization Administration of China, and has been in force since 1 December 2008. Classification: ICS 11.220, CCS B41. This page is published from the official record of the standard held by the Chinese standards administration: the identification, the dates, the classification and the issuing body are taken from there. The clause text, the tables and the numeric limits are in the document itself, which is delivered complete in English translation.

This section GB/T 22330 specifies the rinderpest (RP) requires conditions area. This section applies to the establishment of rinderpest-free zones, identification and conformity assessment.

2 Normative references

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference

GB/T 22330 in this section constitute provisions of this section. For dated reference documents Member, all subsequent amendments (not including errata content) or revisions do not apply to this section, however, encouraged to reach under this section Parties to research agreement to use the latest versions of these documents. For undated reference documents, the latest versions apply to this section.

GB/T 22330.1 standard for specified animal disease free zone - Part 1. General

3 Terms and definitions, abbreviations Terms and definitions

GB/T 22330.1 established in abbreviations apply to this part of the GB/T 22330 of.

4 Latency

Rinderpest incubation period of 21 days.

5 Temporary rinderpest

In addition to compliance with GB/T 22330.1 relevant principles, the Region shall meet the following requirements.

5.1 At least 2 years without clinical cases detected.

5.2 has a valid veterinary system to monitor animal health, and to investigate all suspected clinical evidence of rinderpest.

5.3 epidemic reporting system is perfect.

5.4 reliable prevention system, through reasonable border controls and quarantine

measures to prevent incoming rinderpest.

5.5 rinderpest vaccination at no date announced a temporary halt of rinderpest, a written notice of this decision shall be World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) and Neighboring countries, and also explain to stop vaccination date.

6 Rinderpest disease

6.1 If a country or region for at least five years without immunization rinderpest, and in five years, no signs of rinderpest occurred, As long as this country permanently with good disease reporting system, OIE can declare the country free of rinderpest disease.

6.2 If a country or a region of the country declared provisionally free of rinderpest, to get recognized by OIE, the Region shall comply with The following requirements.

6.2.1 At least 5 years have not detected with clinical rinderpest.

6.2.2 at least 3 years have not susceptible animals were vaccinated, and at least 3 years have not cattle, buffalo or yak used Rinderpest prevention Heterologous vaccine.

6.2.3 Clinical surveillance and outbreak reports carried enough to detect clinical cases.