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**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB/T 16432-2025

Replacing GB/T 16432-2016

**Assistive products for persons with disability - Classification
and terminology**

康复辅助器具 分类和术语

(English Translation)

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Foreword

This document is in accordance with the provisions of GB/T 1.1-2020 "Guidelines for standardization work Part 1: Structure and drafting rules for standardization documents" Drafting.

This document replaces GB/T 16432-2016 "Classification and terminology of assistive devices for rehabilitation".

In addition to structural adjustments and editorial changes, the main technical changes are as follows.

--- Deleted the 05 main category (see Chapter 6 of the 2016 edition);

--- The three main categories 09, 12 and 22 have been changed (see Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 of the 2016 edition).

This document identically adopts ISO 9999:2022 "Classification and terminology of assistive devices".

The following minimal editorial changes have been made to this document.

--- Change the name of the standard to "Classification and Terminology of Rehabilitation Assistive Devices";

---Added Chinese Pinyin index;

---Modified the arrangement of the English corresponding word index.

Introduction

Rehabilitation assistive devices (including software) are classified according to their functions. The classification consists of three levels, and each code consists of three pairs of numbers.

For each level, we provide the code, name, explanation, inclusion, exclusion and cross-references.

In addition to the ISO 9999 standard and the classification itself, a comparison between the previous edition of ISO 9999 (ISO 9999:2016) and this edition (ISO 9999:2022) is provided.

Tables and alphabetical indexes are provided to facilitate the use of the classification and to improve its usability.

This document contains 948 classification names, of which 67 are new and 572 have been modified, as well as minor editorial changes.

All rehabilitation assistive devices in this category are primarily used outside medical institutions. However, some rehabilitation assistive devices can be used for rehabilitation it should be noted that the names of some sub-classes and sub-classes in main class 28 are as for "workplace", the term refers to a place where employment-related activities or vocational training are carried out, rather than a specific place or geographical location.

The definition of "assistive devices for rehabilitation" used in this document has been revised to align with the International Classification of Functioning, Disability and Health (ICF, World Health Organization the terminology is consistent with that of the WHO (2018).

In 2003, ISO 9999 was incorporated into the World Health Organization Family of International Classifications (WHO-FIC). WHO-FIC is a comprehensive classification system for health systems and related High-level classification of sectors. Inclusion in WHO-FIC will facilitate the use of this document.

This document uses the terminology of the ICF, which is a classification of health and health-related areas, organized into two lists. physical, personal, and social.

The classification is done from different perspectives. one list is body functions and structures, the other list is activities and participation.

Since impairments occur in certain situations, the ICF also includes a list of environmental factors. Rehabilitation assistive devices in this list are considered environmental factors.

ICF is one of the core classifications of WHO-FIC (see Appendix A).

The index provides term indexes arranged in Chinese pinyin alphabetical order and English alphabetical order to facilitate the search of classification information.

NOTE: Some rehabilitation assistive devices may be classified as medical devices.

Classification and terminology of rehabilitation assistive devices

1 Scope

This document specifies the classification and terminology of custom-made or ready-made assistive devices for rehabilitation used to improve human function and alleviate functional impairments.

This document is intended for personal use to improve performance and alleviate functional impairments, including those requiring assistance from others.

rehabilitation assistive devices.

This document does not include the following terms.

- Tools used for installation of rehabilitation assistive devices;
- Solutions that combine individual assistive devices classified in this document;
- drug;
- Rehabilitation assistive devices and equipment for medical staff or teachers;
- Non-technological solutions, such as assistance from others, guide dogs, and lip reading;
- Implant;
- Financial support.

2 Normative references

This document has no normative references.

3 Terms and Definitions

The following terms and definitions apply to this document.

activity

An individual completes a task or an action.

[Source. ICF2018, WHO] 3.2 activity limitation Difficulties that individuals experience in carrying out activities (3.1).

[Source. ICF2018, WHO] 3.3 assistive devices Rehabilitation assistive devices Products and technologies that improve human performance and alleviate functional impairments.

Note 1: See Appendix B.

Note 2: Rehabilitation assistive devices include instruments, equipment, devices and software.

Note 3 to entry. Rehabilitation assistive devices are either custom-made or ready-made.