

ICS 65.160
CCS X87



**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB 5606.4-2005

Replacing GB 5606.4-1996

Cigarettes-Technical Requirements for Sense Evaluation

卷烟 第4部分:感官技术要求

Issued on: June 17, 2005

Implemented on: January 1, 2006

**Issued by: General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and
Quarantine of the People's Republic of China;
Standardization Administration of China**

Table of Contents

Foreword	3
1 Scope	5
2 Normative references	5
3 Requirements	5
4 Test method	6
7 Appendix A (Normative) Terms	11

Foreword

NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA ICS

Replacing GB/T 5606.4-1996

Cigarettes - Part 4: Technical requirements for sense evaluation

1 Scope

GB 5606.4-2005 is the Chinese national standard on cigarettes-technical requirements for sense evaluation, in the field of agriculture. It carries no /T suffix, which in the Chinese system means compliance is mandatory: a product or a practice within its scope has to meet it to be lawfully made, sold or carried out in China. It was issued on 17 June 2005 by the General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China; Standardization Administration of China, and has been in force since 1 January 2006. Classification: ICS 65.160, CCS X87. This page is published from the official record of the standard held by the Chinese standards administration: the identification, the dates, the classification and the issuing body are taken from there. The clause text, the tables and the numeric limits are in the document itself, which is delivered complete in English translation.

This Part of GB 5606 specifies the technical requirements, test methods, inspection rules for the sensory quality of cigarettes. This Part applies to cigarettes of various flavor styles.

2 Normative references

The clauses in the following documents become the clauses of this Part through reference to this Part of

GB 5606. For any referenced document with a date, all subsequent amendments (excluding errata) or revisions are not applicable to this Part. However, parties to an agreement based

on this Part are encouraged to study whether the latest versions of these documents can be used. For any referenced document without a date, the latest version shall apply to this Part.

GB/T 5606.1 Cigarettes - Part 1: Sampling

GB/T 16447 Tobacco and tobacco products - Atmosphere for conditioning and testing (GB/T 16447-2004, ISO 3402:1999, IDT)

Appendix A (Normative) Terms A.1 Flavor

--- The End ---

About this edition

GB 5606.4-2005 is the current edition. It was issued on 17 June 2005 and has been in force since 1 January 2006, replacing GB 5606.4-1996.

GB 5606.4-1996 has been superseded: a specification that still cites it is citing a withdrawn edition.

The interval between issue and effect is the transition period. It exists so that producers, laboratories and buyers can requalify products, revise procedures and use up documentation before the new text becomes the one that applies. The date on this page is the official one from the record of the Standardization Administration.

Classification and status

GB 5606.4-2005 is classified under ICS 65.160. ICS is the International Classification for Standards, the same scheme used by ISO and by the national bodies of most countries, which is what allows a Chinese standard to be placed beside its foreign counterparts on subject rather than on number.

Its Chinese Standard Classification code is CCS X87. CCS is the domestic scheme, a letter for the sector and two digits for the subject within it, and it is the code by which the standard is filed and searched in China.

The GB prefix marks a mandatory national standard. Compliance is required by law within China: it applies to what is made, sold or imported there, and an inspection body will judge a product against it whether or not a contract names it.

How a Chinese national standard is set out

Chinese national standards are drafted to the rules of GB/T 1.1, which fixes the order in which a standard is set out. The document opens with a foreword recording the issuing bodies, the relationship to any previous edition and the technical committee responsible for

it. Clause 1 is the scope. Clause 2 lists the normative references - the other standards that have to be applied together with this one, and without which its requirements cannot be met. Clause 3 gives the terms and definitions. The technical clauses follow: the requirements themselves, the test or measurement methods by which conformity is established, the inspection rules that say how a lot is sampled and judged, and, for a product standard, the provisions on marking, packaging, transport and storage. Annexes, normative or informative, come last.

GB 5606.4-2005 runs to 15 pages in the English translation. What is delivered is the complete document in that order: every clause, every table, every figure and every annex of the Chinese original, with the same numbering, so that a reference to a clause number in a contract or a test report points to the same place in both languages.

About this English translation

The English edition of GB 5606.4-2005 is a full translation of the official Chinese text, not a summary, an abstract or a machine rendering left unchecked. Clause and subclause numbers, table and figure numbers and annex letters are those of the original, because they are what a specification, a purchase order or a test report cites.

Technical terms are translated against the vocabulary standards of the same field, so that a term used in GB 5606.4-2005 reads the same way as in the other Chinese standards it is used beside. Where a term has an established English form in an ISO or IEC document on the same subject, that form is used; where China's term has no foreign counterpart, it is translated literally and the Chinese is kept alongside it rather than replaced by an approximation.

Quantities, units and symbols are carried over unchanged. Chinese standards use SI, so a value in the translation is the value in the original document, not a conversion, and a limit read from the English text is the limit that will be applied by a Chinese inspection body reading the Chinese one.

This page is compiled from the official publication record: the standard number and both titles, the issuing bodies, the dates of issue and effect, the edition it replaces, the ICS and CCS classification. The requirements, limits, tables and test conditions are in the document itself.