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**NATIONAL STANDARD OF THE
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA**

GB 31658.9-2021

**National food safety standard - Determination of estrogen
residues in animal derived foods and animal urine by liquid
chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry method**

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China, State Administration for Market Regulation**

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Foreword

This document complies with the provisions of GB/T 1:1-2020 "Standardization Work Guidelines Part 1: Structure and Drafting Rules of Standardization Documents"

Drafting:

1 Scope

This document specifies the estrogenic drugs (estriol, estrone, ethinyl estradiol, ethinyl estradiol, Sample preparation and liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry method for detection of residual amounts of 17 α -estradiol, 17 β -estradiol, diethylstilbestrol, hexylbestrol and diethylstilbestrol):

This document applies to estrogenic drugs (estriol, estrone, ethinylestradiol, Determination of residual amounts of 17 α -estradiol, 17 β -estradiol, diethylstilbestrol, hexestrol and diethylstilbestrol):

2 Normative reference documents

The contents of the following documents constitute essential provisions of this document through normative references in the text: Among them, for dated reference documents, only the version corresponding to the date applies to this document; for undated reference documents, the latest version (including all amendments) applies to this document:

GB/T 6682 Specifications and test methods for water used in analytical laboratories

3 Terms and Definitions

There are no terms or definitions to be defined in this document:

4 Principles

The remaining drugs in the sample were extracted with acetonitrile after enzymatic

hydrolysis, purified with a solid-phase extraction column, measured by liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry, and quantified by the internal standard method:

5 Reagents and materials

Unless otherwise specified, all reagents are of analytical grade and the water is first-grade water that complies with GB/T 6682:

5.1 Reagents

5.1.1 Acetonitrile (CH_3CN): chromatographically pure:

5.1.2 Methanol (CH_3OH):

5.1.3 Sodium hydroxide (NaOH):

5.1.4 n-Hexane (C_6H_{14}):

5.1.5 Dichloromethane (CH_2Cl_2):

5.1.6 Sodium chloride (NaCl):

5.1.7 Ammonium acetate ($\text{CH}_3\text{COONH}_4$):

5.1.8 Acetic acid (CH_3COOH):

5.1.9 beta-glucuronidase/arylsulfatase (beta-glucuronidase/arylsulfatase):
beta-glucuronidase 4:5 U/mL, arylsulfatase 14 U/mL

5.2 Preparation of solution

5.2.1 Dichloromethane-methanol solution: Take 70 mL of dichloromethane and 30 mL of methanol, and mix:

5.2.2 Methanol-water solution: Take 40 mL of methanol and 60 mL of water and mix:

5.2.3 Ammonium acetate solution (0.02 mol/L): Take 1.54g of ammonium acetate, add water to dissolve and dilute to about 800mL, adjust the pH to 5.2, dilute to 1000mL, and mix:

5.2.4 40% acetonitrile solution: Take:200 mL of acetonitrile and 300 mL of water, and mix well:

5.3 Standard products

Estriol, estrone, ethinyl estradiol, 17 α -estradiol, 17 β -estradiol, diethylstilbestrol, hexestradiol, diethylstilbestrol Estriol-D3, estrone-D2, ethinylestradiol-D, 17 α -estradiol-D2, 17 β -estradiol-D2, diethylstilbestrol-Da, diethylstilbestrol-D and diethylstilbestrol-D6, the contents are all $\geq 95\%$, see Appendix A:

5.4 Preparation of standard solution

5:4:1 Standard stock solution: Take 10 mg of each estrogen drug standard and isotope-labeled standard, weigh them accurately, add an appropriate amount of acetonitrile to dissolve and dilute to a 100 mL brown volumetric flask, and make a concentration of 100 µg/mL: Standard stock solution: Store at -18 degrees C, valid for 12 months:

5:4:2 Mixed standard stock solutions: Accurately pipette the standard stock solutions of estriol, estrone, ethinyl estradiol, 17α-estradiol, 17β-estradiol, diethylstilbestrol, hexanestrol and diethylstilbestrol respectively: 5mL, put in a 100mL brown volumetric flask, dilute to the mark with acetonitrile: Store at -18 degrees C, valid for 12 months:

5:4:3 Mix internal standard stock solution: accurately pipette estriol-D2, estrone-D2, ethinylestradiol-D4, 17α-estradiol-D2, 17β-estradiol-D2, diethylstilbestrol-Da, Diethylstilbestrol-D, and Diethylstilbestrol-D: Put 5 mL of each standard stock solution into a 100 mL brown volumetric flask and dilute to the mark with acetonitrile: Store at -18 degrees C, valid for 12 months:

5:4:4 Mixed internal standard working solution: Accurately transfer 0.2 mL of mixed internal standard stock solution into a 10 mL brown volumetric flask, and dilute to the mark with acetonitrile: The concentration of each internal standard in this solution is 100 µg/L: Ready for use:

5:4:5 Mixed standard working solution: Accurately pipet an appropriate amount of mixed standard stock solution and mixed internal standard working solution, and dilute it with 40% acetonitrile solution to the concentration:

It is a series of standard working solutions of 1:0µg/L, 2:0µg/L, 5:0µg/L, 20µg/L, 50µg/L and:200µg/L: Each standard working solution contains an internal standard concentration of 5:0µg/L: Ready for use:

5:5 Materials

5:5:1 HLB solid phase extraction column::200 mg/6 mL, or equivalent:

5:5:2 Amino solid-phase extraction column: 500 mg/6mL, or equivalent, activated with 6mL of dichloromethane-methanol solution before use:

5:5:3 Syringe filter (universal filter membrane): made of nylon, with a pore size of 0.22 µm or equivalent performance:

6 Instruments and Equipment

6:1 Liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometer: equipped with automatic injector and electrospray ion source:

6:2 Analytical balance: sensitive to 0.00001g and 0.01g:

6:3 Nitrogen blower:

6:4 Solid phase extraction device:

6:5 Centrifuge tube: polypropylene plastic centrifuge tube, 50 mL:

6:6 Centrifuge: 10000 r/min or above:

6:7 pH meter:

6:8 Vortex mixer:

7 Preparation and preservation of samples

7:1 Preparation of samples

Take an appropriate amount of fresh or thawed air or test tissue, mince it, and homogenize it:

- a) Take the homogenized test sample as the test material;
- b) Take the homogenized blank sample as the blank sample;
- c) Take the homogenized blank sample, add the standard working solution of appropriate concentration, and add the sample as a blank:

7:2 Storage of samples

Store below -18 degrees C and conduct analysis and testing within 3 months:

8 Measurement steps

8:1 Extraction

8:1:1 Animal tissue, milk, goat milk and eggs

Take 5g of sample (accurate to ± 0.05 g), put it into a 50mL centrifuge tube, add exactly 50 μ L of mixed internal standard working solution, mix for 15 seconds, add 10mL of ammonium acetate solution, and 50 μ L of beta-glucuronidase/arylsulfatase, vortex for 1 min, cover, and shake for enzymatic hydrolysis at $(37 \pm 1)^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 h: Take it out, cool to room temperature, add 4g of sodium chloride, shake to dissolve, add 20mL of acetonitrile, vortex for 1 minute, centrifuge at 10000 r/min for 5 minutes, take the acetonitrile layer, add 15mL of acetonitrile, and repeat the extraction: Combine the two extracts, add 10 mL of n-hexane, vortex for 1 min, centrifuge at 10000 r/min for 2 min, take the acetonitrile layer, blow to dryness with nitrogen at 40°C , dissolve with 1 mL of methanol, add 9 mL of water, and set aside:

8:1:2 Animal urine

Take 5.00mL of the sample into a 50mL centrifuge tube, adjust the pH to 5.2 with acetic acid, accurately add 50 μ L of mixed internal standard working solution, mix for 15s, add 10mL of ammonium acetate solution, 50 μ L of beta-glucuronidase/arylsulfatase, and follow-up The extraction steps are the same as 8:1:1: